

WELL CHILD EXAM -ADOLESCENCE - 14 YEARS

(Meets EPSDT Guidelines)			
ADOLESCENCE:			
	CHILD'S NAME		DATE OF BIRTH
쁜			
PLE	ALLERGIES		CURRENT MEDICATIONS
ADOLESCENT TO COMPLETE ABOUT SELF	ILLNESSES/ACC	CIDENTS/PROBLEMS/CONCERNS SINCE LAST VIS	TODAY I HAVE A QUESTION ABOUT:
	□ □ I h	YES at breakfast every day.	☐ I get some physical activity every day.☐ I get enough sleep;hours per night.
WEIGHT KG./OZ. PERCENTILE HEIGHT CM/IN. PERCENTILE BLOOD PRESSURE			Diet
☐ Review of systems ☐ Review of family history			Sleep Review Immunization Record Hgb/Hct TB Dental Referral
Screening: Hearing Screen		MHZ R L 4000 1000 1000	□ Cholesterol Health Education: (Check all discussed/handouts given) □ Nutrition/Weight Control □ After school supervision □ Regular Physical Activity/Sports □ Seat Belt
Vision Screen		R 20/ L 20/	☐ Helmets☐ Injury Prevention/Safety☐ Drugs/Alcohol☐ STD/HIV/AIDS
Development		N A	☐ Abstinence/sex education ☐ Peer Pressure
Behavior			☐ Suicide/Depression ☐ Dental Care ☐ Self Exam
			☐ Other:
Social Emotional			Assessment/Plan:
Mental Health			Assessment/Flan.
Physical: N A N A			
General appearance			
Skin		Lungs	
Eyes		☐ ☐ Abdomen ☐ ☐ ☐	
Ears		Genitalia	
Nose		□ □ Spine □ □	
•	arynx/Teeth	Extremities	
Neck		□ □ Neurologic □ □	
Nodes Gait G-			
Describe abnormal findings and comments:			
			MMUNIZATIONS GIVEN
			REFERRALS
NEXT VISIT: 16 YEARS OF AGE			HEALTH PROVIDER NAME
HEALTH PROVIDER SIGNATURE			HEALTH PROVIDER ADDRESS

DSHS 13-686(X) (REV. 08/2004) - TRANSLATED

☐ SEE DICTATION

DATE

Caring For Your Health at 14 Years

Milestones

Ways you are developing between 14 and 16 years of age.

You should have regular hearing and vision checkups. Talk with the doctor at each visit about your health and about your body. Now is the time to learn how to keep healthy and what to do, if you have a cold, an earache, or the flu.

You should see a dentist every six months. Ask the dentist about any changes in your teeth or enamel. Pitting in the enamel of your teeth should be shown to both the doctor and the dentist.

Growth is individual. Ask your parents when they grew. Chances are you will grow at about the same time your parents did, not when your friends grow.

For Help or More Information

For Suicide Prevention Information Contact: National Crisis Helpline 1-800-999-9999 or Boys Town National Crisis Line 1-800-448-3000.

Sexuality Information For Teens: www.teenwire.com.

For information about gay and lesbian teens contact: PFLAG (Parents, Families, and Friends of Lesbians and Gays) www.pflag.com or 202-467-8180.

For eating disorders contact: www.allabouteatingdisorders.com.

For health transition information for teens with special health needs/disabilties:

http://depts.washington.edu/healthtr/

Healthy Things You Can Do

Exercise, even in addition to school PE classes, is important. This should be a regular habit like brushing your teeth.

A healthy diet is important. You need certain foods for growth during your teen years. You can do serious harm to your body by dieting.

If you are worried about your weight, check with the doctor. There are charts that can give your correct weight for your height. At this age, diet for weight loss should be done only with a doctor's or a nurse's help. Exercise, healthy foods, and fewer snacks are the best ways to loose weight.

A teenager can be very emotional. This is part of the growth process. You can learn to manage stress and anger. You could take a class with a friend or your parents to learn conflict resolution skills.

Everyone feels depressed at some time. It is a serious problem if it lasts for more than two weeks. If you, or someone you know has several of the following signs, see your doctor or find a counselor.

- Noticeable changes in eating or sleeping habits. They gain or loose weight. They either can't sleep or sleep all of the time.
- Drastic personality change, or unexplained, unusually severe, violent or rebellious behavior.
- Withdrawing from family or friends, running away, always bored and/or difficulty concentrating and/or unusual neglect of appearance.
- Drug and/or alcohol abuse.
- Unexplained drop in the quality of schoolwork.
- A focus on themes of death, giving away prized possessions.
- Talking about or threatening suicide or making plans, even jokingly, or attempting to kill oneself or others.

Safety Tips

Use of safety equipment, helmets, pads, and seat belts. It is the grown up thing to do. Remind your friends.

Guidance to Physicians and Nurse Practitioners for Adolescence (14 years)

The following highlight EPSDT screens where practitioners often have questions. They are not comprehensive guidelines.

Fluoride Screen

Fluoride supplements should be considered for all children drinking fluoride deficient (<0.6 ppm F) water. Before supplements are prescribed, it is essential to know the fluoride concentration of the patient's drinking water. Once the fluoride level of the water supply has been evaluated, either through contacting the public health officials or water analysis, as well as evaluating other sources of fluoride, the daily dosage schedule can be recommended. Pediatric Dentistry: Reference Manual 1999--00.(21)5.

Tuberculosis Screen

Screen for these risk factors:

- Adolescent is in a household with people with tuberculosis or is in close contact with someone with the the
 disease.
- Adolescent is in close contact with recent immigrants or refugees from countries in which tuberculosis is common (e.g., Asia, Africa, Central and South America, Pacific Islands); migrant workers; residents of correctional institutions or homeless shelters or persons with certain underlying medical disorders.

Urinalysis

Using your own practice experience, evaluate the need, timing and frequency of urinalysis. Use dipsticks combining the leukocyte esterase and nitrite tests to detect asymptomatic bacteria.

Screens for Sexually Active Teens

- Gonorrhea/chlamydia.
- Pap smear.
- Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).

High Risk Behavior

Discuss behaviors such as these:

- Depression.
- Drugs.
- Smoking.
- Sexual contacts (and need for protection and contraception).
- Suicide.
- Guns.

Notes: Immunization schedules are from the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practice of the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.